

## American Model United Nations World Health Assembly

WHA/II/2

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION: Public health dimension of the world drug problem

SUBMITTED TO: The World Health Assembly

The World Health Assembly,

Reaffirming the sovereignty of Member States and their ability and responsibility to act in the best interest and health of their citizenry,

Recognizing the human dignity of those who have been affected by the proliferation of illicit drugs, with special attention to those who are in the throws of addiction,

Highlighting the importance of national security and international and national stability as the foundation for ensuring that efficient and comprehensive measures can be taken to provide resources for those who experience addiction,

Taking into consideration that systematic drug use acts as a significant contributor to the spread of bloodborne illnesses including Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), Hepatitis-B and Hepatitis-C, among other infections,

Noting with concern that an estimated 64 million people worldwide suffer from drug use disorders, while only 1 in 11 is in treatment, as reported by the United Nations in 2024,

Realizing the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime World Drug Report 2024 has found that women receive less access to treatment than men, with only 1 in 18 women with drug use disorders in treatment versus 1 in 7 men,

Acknowledging that women, children and adolescents bear a substantial cost in areas that have been negatively impacted by the mass proliferation of illicit substances into vulnerable populations,

Recognizing the strain mass drug use places on humanitarian and health services,

Reaffirming the importance and necessity of international cooperation in regard to solving the global drug crisis,

Echoing the importance of multicultural pluralism in Member States, and recognizing the unique challenges faced by specific communities, with a focus on the challenges rural communities face in accessing quality and comprehensive medical care to aid those communities in combating the drug crisis,

Recognizing the challenges faced by developing and burgeoning nations in regards to establishing comprehensive health care networks, with specific concern regarding the healthcare of those that are experiencing addiction,

- 1. Calls upon Member States to support fellow Member States that have experienced the spread of narcotics from non-state actors, especially regarding ensuring the sanctity of human life, particularly among vulnerable populations:
- (a) *Encourages* Member States that are willing and able to provide support may do so at their discretion and per their respective constitutions;
- (b) Further encourages relevant non-governmental organizations (NGOs) to assist Member States through collaborative aid and education campaigns, expert consultation services on policymaking, law enforcement, and public health responses and;

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- 2. *Urges* Member States to take action in collaboration with the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) in order to prevent the spread of illicit substances between borders:
  - (a) Recommends that the health service of each Member State provide a detailed report on the state of the illicit drug trade within their country. A final report incorporating all country reports can then be compiled by the World Health Organization (WHO), with updates to the report being provided on an annual basis;
  - (b) Supports assembling an interdisciplinary and international commission of experts within the WHO to provide new approaches to reducing drug use;
  - 3. Calls upon Member States to provide essential services to those experiencing addiction and those who have suffered due to the propensity of drug use within their communities;
  - 4. *Encourages* Member States to collaborate with United Nations organizations to produce educational resources and programs:
  - (a) *Recommends* Member States Collaborate in conjunction with UNODC to address the interplay between drugs and physical, mental and relational health;
  - (b) Specifically recommends collaboration with WHO and UNODC to promote prevention, self and community advocacy, and personal safety in the presence of illicit drugs;
  - (c) Supports creating educational and hygienic campaigns, such as the establishment of Methadone Maintenance Clinics, Buprenorphine Maintenance Treatment, Needle and Syringe Exchange Programs and other treatment options in order to best serve those with drug addictions;
  - (d) Emphasizes specifically coordinating with WHO to better address the spread and impact of bloodborne illnesses that originate and propagate as a result of drug use;
- 58 5. *Urges* Member States to increase access to information about and create greater opportunities for women and children when it comes to drug addiction prevention and treatment.

Passed, Yes: 27 / No: 14 / Abstain: 13

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